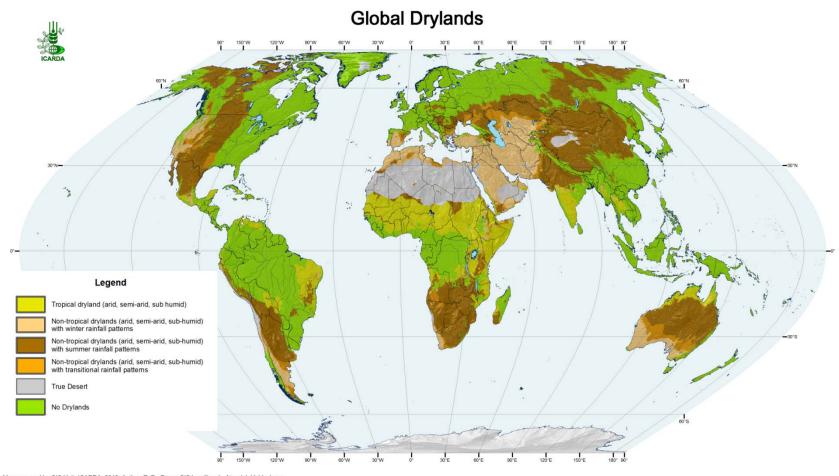
Scientific content of CRP1.1 & Progress in the Inception Phase

Dry areas = water scarcity, limited and vulnerable natural resources, climatic variability, and a diverse and complex mix of pastoral, agro-pastoral, mixed rainfed and irrigated production systems requiring an integrated agro-ecosystems approach to research for development



Global partners in the design & development of CRP1.1 (8+ Stakeholder Workshops)

International centers

ILRI WorldFish **ICARDA** Bioversity FAO

ICRISAT CIAT **ICBA** IWMI

AVRDC CIP **ICRAF** Sub-Saharan Africa CP

International and regional fora

AARINENA CACAARI **FORAGRO ASARECA** CORAF/WECARD **GFAR**

APAARI FARA

National research organizations

Afghanistan: MAIL Kenya: KARI

Bangladesh: BARI Mali: INSAH/CII SS Brazil: EMBRAPA Morocco: INRA Burkina Faso: INFRA Niger: INRAN

Nigeria: ARC China: CAAS

Pakistan: BARI, CSO, PARC, SSD Egypt: ARC

Ethiopia: EIAR, Arba Minch University South Africa: CSIR, Univ. of Ft Hare, WRC

France: CIRAD Sudan: ARC

Syria: GCSAR, Agha Khan Foundation Ghana: ARI, CSIR

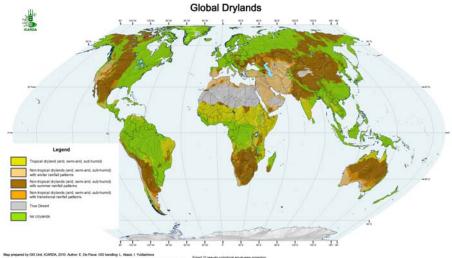
India: ICAR, CRIDA, CAZRI, FES, NRAA, Tajikistan: TAAS Watershed Organization Trust Tunisia: IRA

Iran: AREEO Turkmenistan: National Farmers' Association, NAS

Turkey: AARI Kazakhstan: South-Western Scientific USA: USDA

> **Production Center of Agriculture** Uzbekistan: Kashkadarya Research Institute

> > Zambia: University of Zambia



Jordan: NCARE

CRP1.1: Integrated and Sustainable
Agricultural Production Systems for
Improved Food Security and Livelihoods
in Dry Areas

Learning, growing, spiral impact pathway

- 1. Traditional research-fordevelopment impact pathway includes four steps: research, outputs, outcomes and impact.
- 2. CRP1.1 views these steps not as a linear sequence, but as an upward spiral of learning and growing.
- 3. This results in an iterative research cycle, with continuous improvement in technologies.



"Following the Impact pathway backwards" (in proposal)

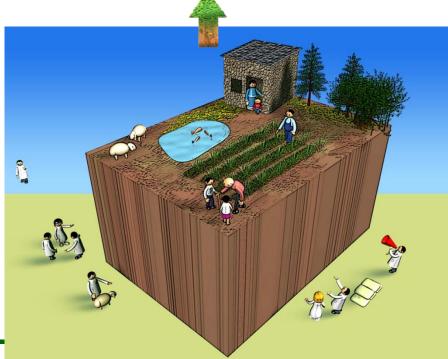
CRP Objective / Operational level	Information needed	Performance targets
GOAL / IMPACT	Characterization of Action Sites in terms of the System Level Outcomes (SLO)	Performance Targets
	 System Level Outcomes: Reduce rural poverty: Number of poor and spatial distribution other indicators? Increase food security: Food Insecurity Index other indicators? Improve nutrition and health: Number of undernourished children other indicators? Ensure more sustainable management of natural resources: soil, water, agrobiodiversity, grasslandsother indicators? 	
OUTCOMES	Defining Hypotheses / Research Questions, by Action Site in each Target Region	Partners / Indicators
	Examples:	
OUTPUTS	Defining research deliverables, by Action site, within each Target area	Partners/ Indicators
	Examples:	
ACTIVITIES	Defining research activities, at each Action Site	Milestones
	Examples:	
RESEARCH AGENDA	Defining research strategy	Methodology
	Examples:	

CRP1.1 Integrated and Sustainable Agricultural Production Systems for Improved Food Security and Livelihoods in Dry Areas

A systems approach for sustainable, profitable dryland agro-ecosystems

- 1. Much research focuses on individual components of an ecosystem, in isolation, in a reductionist way. This leads to limited impacts on the ground (bottom). = LOW LEVEL OF INTEGRATION
- Dryland agro-ecosystem' farmers' reality involves complex and dynamic relationships between multiple components: soil, water, crops, vegetables, livestock, trees, fish ... and people. = HIGH LEVEL OF INTEGRATION
- 3. Researchers should join farmers, livestock keepers, foresters, and fishers, focusing on integrated systems. Then understanding increases, research becomes demanddriven, and outputs are aligned to user's needs.

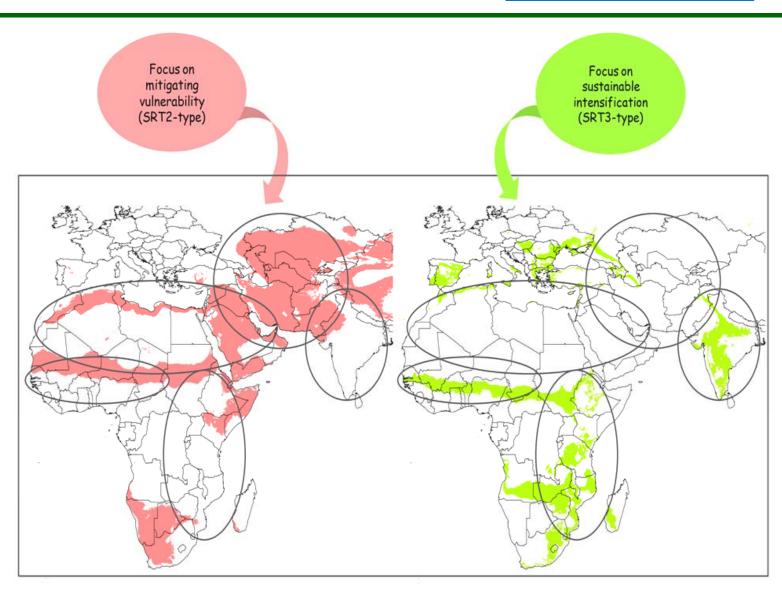




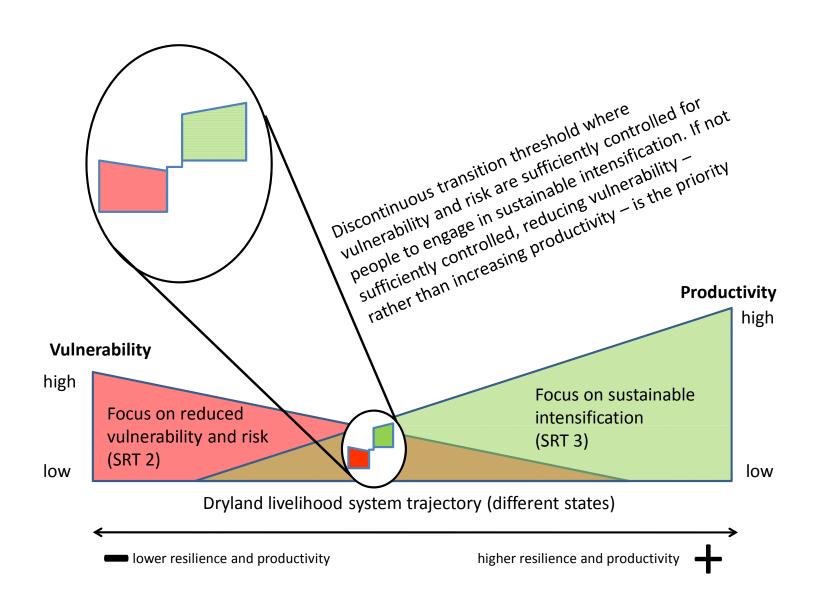
CRP1.1 / Dryland Systems focuses on two agro-ecosystems

- 1. Reducing vulnerability
- 2. Sustainable intensification

Circles/ovals indicate the 5 Target Regions.



Distinction between focus on reduced vulnerability and risk and focus on sustainable intensification: there are transition zones



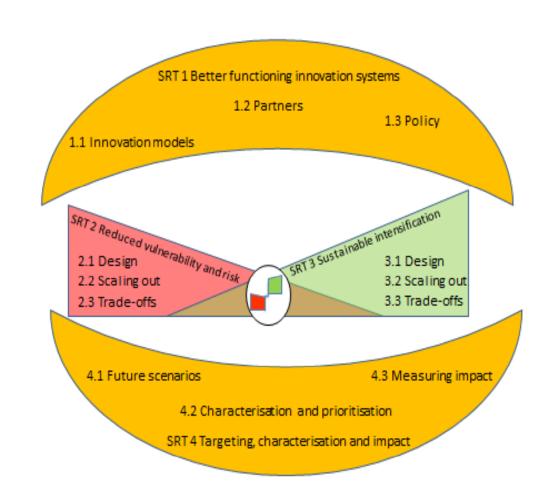
Overview of CRP1.1 Strategic Research Themes (SRTs) and their outputs

SRT1: Approaches and models for strengthening innovation systems, building stakeholder innovation capacity, and linking knowledge to policy action

SRT2: Reducing vulnerability and managing risk

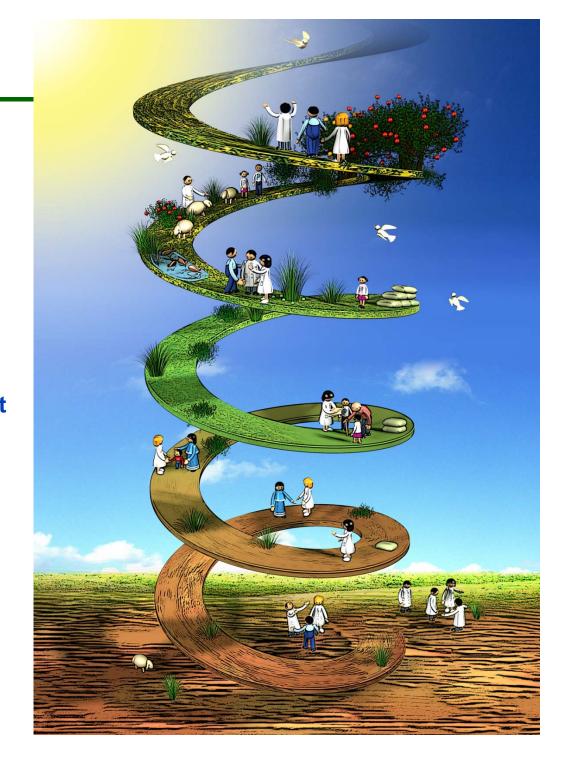
SRT3: Sustainable intensification for more productive, profitable and diversified dryland agriculture with well-established linkages to markets

SRT4: Measuring impacts and cross-regional synthesis



What's New?

- Integrated approach at landscape, system and community levels
- Scale: global, integrating regional programs of CG Centers and other CRPs & partners
- Within 5 Target Regions: Target
 Areas with Action Sites (1) and
 Satellite Sites (1-2)
- Research on effective partnership strategies, linking research-to-development

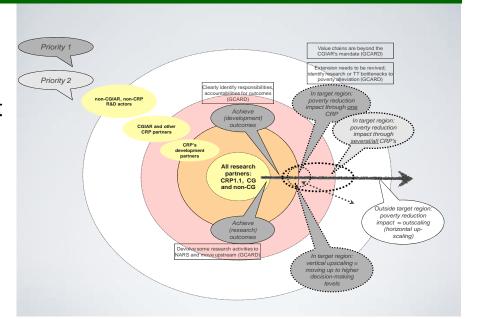


Partnerships

Principle: CRP1.1 will use flexible, inclusive partnership arrangements to provide the expertise needed at each stage of the impact pathway.

Partners:

- 9 CG Centers (ICARDA, ICRISAT, Bioversity, CIAT, CIP, ICRAF, ILRI, IWMI, WorldFish)
- Sub-Saharan Africa Challenge Program
- National agricultural research institutions & regional fora
- Extension services
- Community organizations and rural institutions (e.g. Farmers Associations, Water Users Associations)
- Advanced research institutes in the North and the South
- Private sector
- NGOs, CSOs
- Development agencies



Partnerships and relations with other CRPs

Alignment with national agendas

- Links to national development strategies through national policy & decision-makers
- 2. Monitoring and evaluation process: measurable indicators and milestones, in accordance with Governments' goals

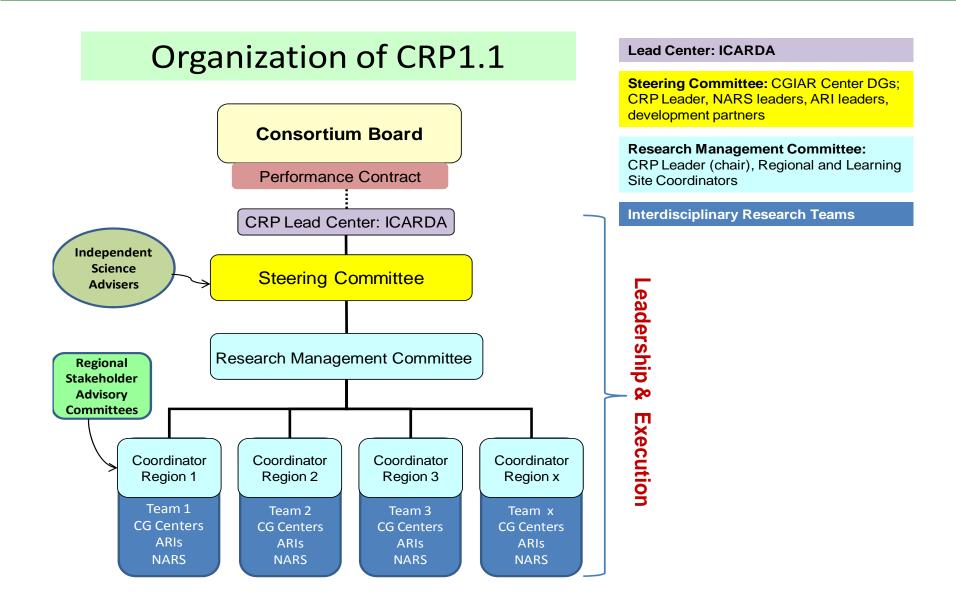
Collaboration with other CRPs:

- CRP1.1 will utilize outputs from other CRPs within its Target Regions, and will benefit from information, knowledge and tools developed by other CRPs
- 2. CRP1.1 will provide other CRPs with feedback on their outputs' performance in integrated agro-ecosystems





Governance and management



Criteria for choice of Target Areas & applied to proposed Action Sites

Characteristics of potential action sites in Target Area (maximum 3/country)

Target Area	Potential Action Site 1	Potential Satellite Site 1	Potential Satellite Site 2
Country			
Geographical location			
Accessibility			
Potential for hypothesis testing			
Representativeness			
Potential for out- scaling (impact)			
Potential to attract funds			
Potential to interact with CRPs			

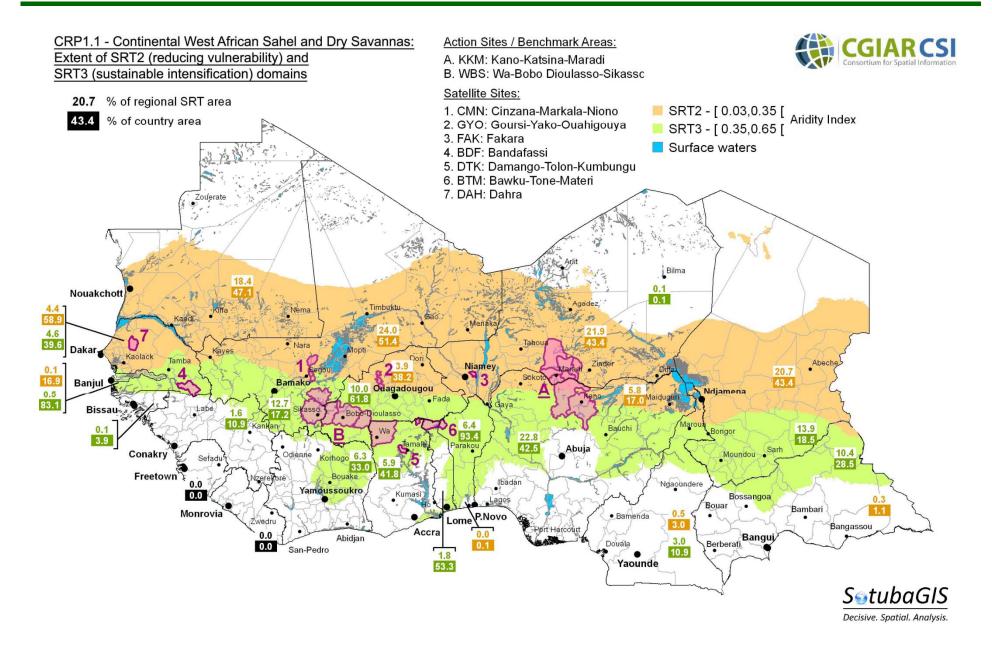
Characterization of Target Regions, Target Areas and Action Sites

Criteria for dryland Action Site characterization (non-exhaustive list)

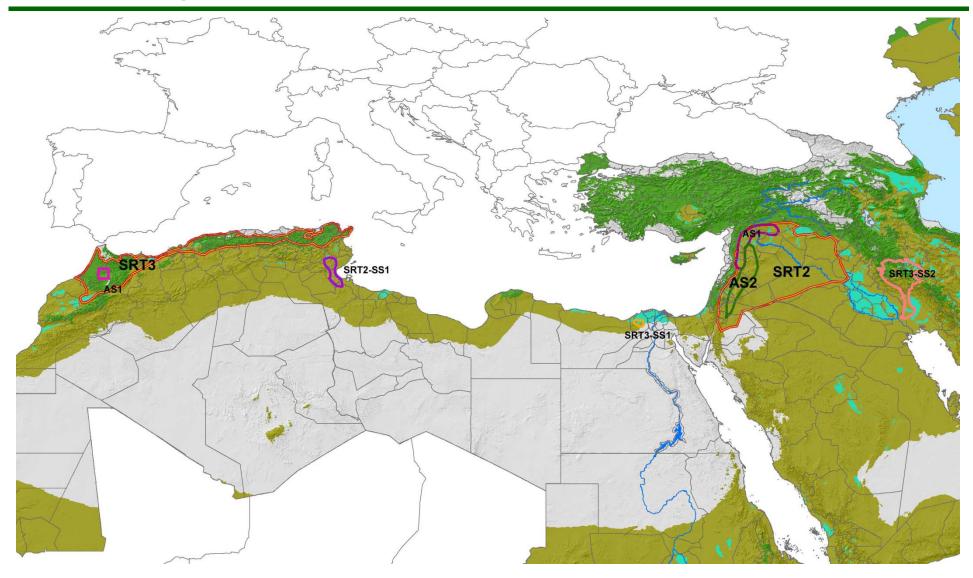
Criteria	Limits for SRT 2	Limits for SRT 3
Length of growing period	<90 days	90-180 days
Distribution of poverty		
Hunger and malnutrition (food security, no of people, % of people)		
Aridity Index	0.03 to 0.35	0.35-0.65
Environmental risk (Rainfall variability, access to irrigation,	CV>15%	CV<15%
Land degradation(soil salinity, soil erosion)	High	Low-medium
Market access	Travel time >2 hrs	Travel time <2 hrs
Population density		

DURING GROUND-WORK LIST WAS GREATLY EXPANDED AND DETAILED.

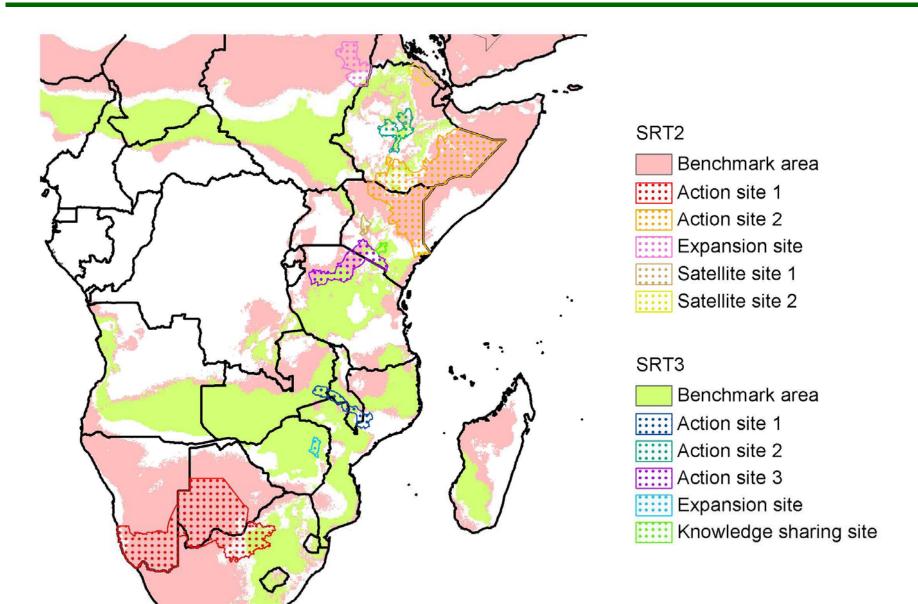
Target Areas and Action Sites: West Africa and Dry Savannas



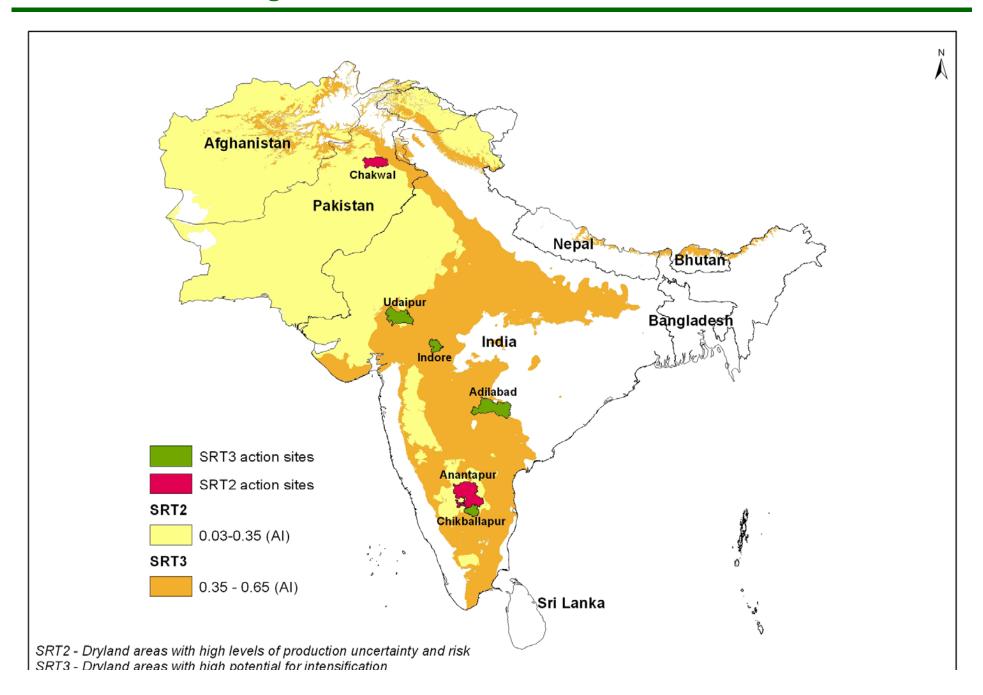
Target Areas and Action Sites: North Africa & West Asia



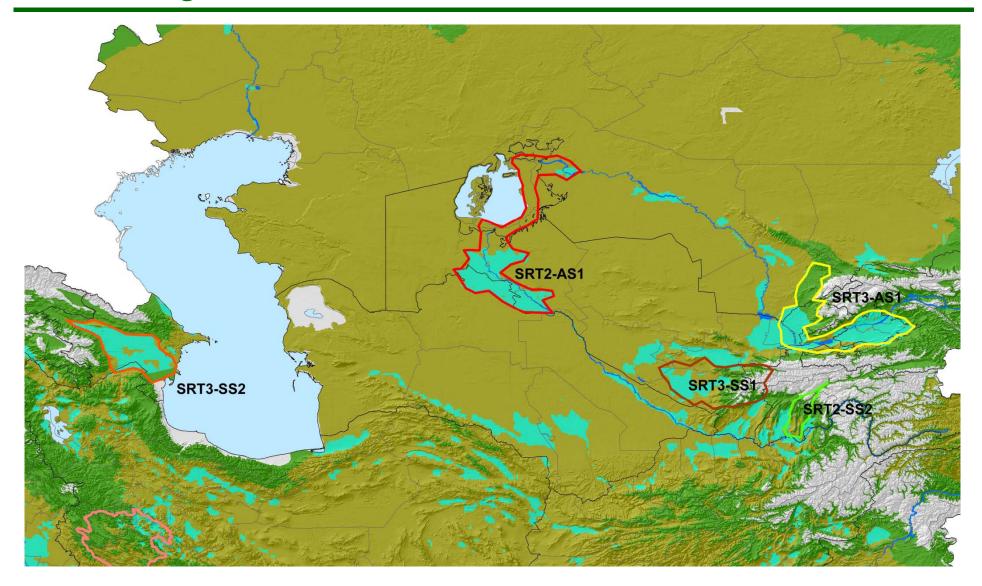
Target Areas and Action Sites: Eastern & Southern Africa



Target Areas and Action Sites: South Asia



Target Areas and Action Sites: Central Asia & Caucusus



CRP1.1 full proposal development calendar (May 2010 – June 2011)

Date	Activity	Location	
10 May	Submission of Concept Note to Consortium Board	Virtual	
23 June	Receipt of Consortium Board's comments on Concept Note	Virtual	
6–7 July	Planning Workshop with CGIAR Centers	Nairobi	
8–9 July	Stakeholders' Workshop with CGIAR Centers and main NARS partners	Nairobi	
11-25 July	Drafting full proposal by respective SRT writing coordinators, and output writing focal points; update		
	other sections in full proposal –incorporating comments from Consortium Board, external reviewers, and		
	inputs from Nairobi meetings		
26-31 July	Collating, finalizing writing and editing 1st draft full proposal	Virtual	
2 Aug	1st draft sent by ICARDA for perusal by all (CGIAR and non-CGIAR) partners and key stakeholders	Virtual	
8 Aug	CGIAR pre Stakeholders' Consultative Conference meeting	Aleppo	
9–10 Aug	Stakeholders' Consultative Conference	Aleppo	
11–14 Aug	Finalize drafting full proposal development incorporating inputs from Stakeholders' Consultative	Aleppo	
	Conference by writing team		
15 Aug	Posting at Lead Center's web site of 2nd draft for e-consultation with broad range of partners and	Aleppo	
	stakeholders		
16–23 Aug	E-consultation with stakeholders	Virtual	
24 Aug	Summarize e-consultation inputs	Virtual	
25-28 Aug	Update full proposal with e-consultation inputs	Virtual	
29–31 Aug	Artwork and last edits to full proposal (3rd draft)	Aleppo/Virtual	
1 Sep	Lead Center on behalf of all partners, submits CRP1.1 proposal (final draft) to Consortium Board through	Aleppo	
	interim Consortium Office		
11-14 Feb	Core writing team meeting and e-follow up to address Consortium Board guidelines	Dubai/Virtual	
11-13 May	Core writing team meeting and e-follow up to address CGIAR Fund "Must Haves"	Dubai/Virtual	
27-30 June	Dryland Systems Regional Design Working Meeting to further characterize and select Benchmark Areas, Action and Satellite Sites, elaborate on hypothesis testing, identify initial partners and priority undertakings in each of the five Target Regions, and fine-tune Knowledge Sharing Centers	Nairobi	

Steps and Timeframe: The phasing of the process

- 1. February April 2012: three months of groundwork by all involved, in direct contact with NARS and other representatives in the Target Regions.
- 2. May June 2012: RIWs within each of the five Target Regions. Workshops with ICARDA, consultants, member CGIAR Centers, NARS, advanced research centers, GFAR Regional Fora, development agencies, farmers and water users associations, NGOs, processing representatives, market and policy specialists, policy-makers, private enterprise, and other partners and stakeholders.
- 3. July-August 2012: synthesis of five RIWs' outcomes and develop draft Inception Phase Report
- 4. September 2012: Synthesis Workshop to endorse the draft Inception Phase Report with CG partners, consultants, NARS and selected stakeholders,.
- 5. September 2012: finalization of synthesis, and submission of CRP1.1 Inception Phase Report to CGIAR Fund Council.

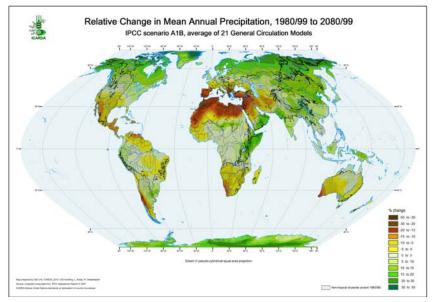
Next Steps

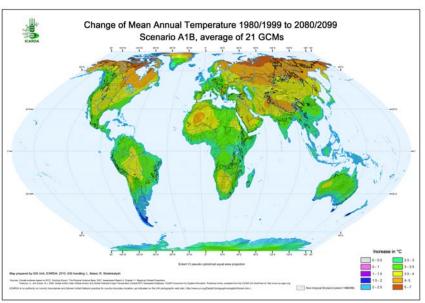
Ground-work & in each of five Target Regions

- 1. Site characterization
- 2. Research hypotheses and major research questions
- 3. Activities and outputs
- 4. Measurable indicators
- 5. Monitoring & Evaluation
- 6. Partners
- 7. Impact pathway
- 8. Logframe

Inception Workshops in each of five Target Regions of senior partners

- 1. Validation
- 2. Consensus
- 3. Buy-in
- 4. Sign-off





CRP1.1: Integrated and Sustainable Agricultural Production Systems for Improved Food Security and Livelihoods in Dry Areas (Dryland Systems)

