Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time ta	able		Budget (2013-
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)
Theme 2. Reducing vulnera							
Output 2.1. Innovation kno	wledge platform for in	tegrated land conserv	ation, watersheds manage	ment is	establis	hed and	d operational in
Rasht and Kyzyl-Suu Valley	/s and Aral Sea region						
Activity 2.1.1: Knowledge synthesis, generation, packaging and dissemination (knowledge platform) of Sustainable Land and Water Management practices in the Aral Sea Basin (Central Asia)	Pipeline (IFAD/ CACILM II under ICARDA; minor activities currently ongoing also under IWMI)	CAC-wide	Number of improved technologies and management options adopted by participating farmers and end-users. Number of national policy-makers, scientists and other stakeholders who are using the knowledge platform.	XXX	XXX	XXX	\$2,500,000
Activity 2.1.2: Understanding land conservation and soil fertility in the degraded environment of Rasht and Kyzyl-Suu Valleys: establishing practices aiming at a sustainable land conservation and improvement of soil fertility.	New	Rasht and Kyzyl- Suu Valleys	Knowledge of farmers on land conservation and soil fertility is increased; The practices aiming at a sustainable land conservation and improvement of soil fertility in the Rasht and Kyzyl-Suu Valleys established.	XXX	XXX	XXX	
Activity 2.1.3: Integrated Management approaches to provide multiple land use options in wheat- cotton–rice – pastures and livestock production systems through	New	Aral Sea Region	Knowledge of farmers on options for reducing soil salinity is increased. Income of farmers in salt affected areas is increased.	xxx	XXX	XXX	

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time table		Budget (2013-	
	pipeline, new)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)
	(timeline)						
organizing a Learning							
Alliance between farmers,							
agro-pastoralists, markets							
and decision-makers.							

Outputs/Activities			Deliverables	Time t	able		Budget (2013-
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)
Output 2.2. Improved instit							
in the upper reaches of An				'ya river	s (Aral S	Sea Reg	ion)
Activity 2.2.1: Improvement of institutional functioning and participatory planning in multi land use through establishment of collaborative networking among research institutions, Government, NGOs, local communities; knowledge-sharing platform on irrigated agricultural and pasture ecosystems services	Ongoing (ICBA and ICARDA)	Muynak Forest Department, Chimbay province (Kazakhdarya community based approach)	Institutional framework couple with farmer participatory approach is promoted; public awareness to monitor agrobiodiversity conservation, wild species and cultivated agricultural fields is increased. In situ conservation and promotion of biodiversity use in different agro- ecological zones of the desert margins are implemented.	XXX	xxx	XXX	
Activity 2.2.2: Improved management and fiber processing options for range-based sheep and goat production systems in marginal areas	Ongoing (ICARDA grant from IFAD)	Northern Tajikistan, Gorno-Badakhshan, Kyrgyzstan (Naryn)	Improved fiber production from sheep and goats through breeding and capacity building; Improved market access for quality fiber and fiber products through the establishment of a sustainable market chains (both 2013)	xxx			\$150,000
Activity 2.2.3: Implementation of dryland forestry and agroforestry coupled	New	Aral Sea Region: Karakalpakstan (Chimbay region, Kazakhdarya Farm);	Most promising options for improving rural livelihoods in water scarce areas are	xxx	xxx	xxx	

Outputs/Activities		Deliverables	Time t	able		Budget (2013-	
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)
with rangelands participatory management strategies (trees and perennial desert shrubs in combination with arid fodder, medicinal, aromatic, technical species and neglected agricultural crops) for the remediation, conservation and use of wastelands and saline water resources in the Aral Sea Region		Muynak Forest Department	<i>identified and tested through randomized control trials.</i> <i>Integration of alley cropping systems (perennial desert shrubs and other crops).</i>				
Activity 2.2.4: Integrating and improving institutional framework and access to inputs and quality seeds for farmers of adapted to stress- prone environments non- traditional and local varieties of agricultural crops (cereals, legumes, fruits trees, underutilized, medicinal) and rangelands fodder plants.	New	Aral Sea Region	Quality seeds of stress- tolerant and early, mid- early bulking varieties for diversified cropping systems produced, tested and disseminated to farmers (including participatory yield experiments, small bag distribution and demonstration plots). Smallholders planting improved varieties of cereals, legumes, potato, fruits and vegetables.	XXX	XXX	Xxx	
Activity 2.2.5: Evaluation and introduction of	New (minor activities currently	Aral Sea Region (currently restricted	Integrated technologies of mineralized water	xxx	xxx	xxx	

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time t	able		Budget (2013-
	pipeline, new) (timeline)	(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)	
sustainable land, water and livestock management system for improved livelihoods of rural communities under saline desert environments in southern Aral Sea Region	ongoing under ICBA/NIFF collaboration)	to Dashauz province, Turkmenistan)	utilization and rangelands productivity tested and introduced.Fodder grazing capacity and storage of forage resources improved.Options for involving decision-makers and desert communities in water and rangelands management.				

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time t	able		Budget (2013-
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)
Activity 2.2.6: Establishing public- private partnerships to develop, advice and support multiplication of potato, grains and planting materials as components of seed systems in Rasht and Kyzyl-Suu Valleys	New	Rasht and Kyzyl- Suu Valleys	Production of potato parental materials established and assessed as source of seed in niche areas of central Asian highlands (2013); Positive selection benefits and feasibility in farmer- based system to maintain and increase potato seed quality determined (2014); Speed up diffusion and uptake of improved varieties and TPS (True Potato Seed) materials through the farmer- based seed system using the Quality Declared Seed Systems approach (2015)	XXX	XXX	XXX	
Output 2.3. Capacity of sta	keholders and partner	s in innovation system	n enhanced (all stakeholder	rs along	impact	pathwa	y)
Activity 2.3.1: Building capacities of farmers and other stakeholders in production, storage and commercialization of quality seed and planting materials for target crops	New	Aral Sea Region and Rasht and Kyzyl-Suu Valleys	Number of partners and stakeholders trained in production of quality seed and planting materials.	xxx	XXX	XXX	
Activity 2.3.2: Application of Geographic Information Systems (GIS) and Remote	New	Khorezm and Chimbay (Aral Sea Region)	Workers of local agricultural offices/ rural advisory services trained on application	xxx	XXX	xxx	

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going, Region/location		Deliverables	Time t	able		Budget (2013-	
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)	
Sensing (RS) on assessment and sustainable management of soil, water and rangelands resources under saline-prone environments			of GIS techniques to IWRM in the rangelands. Sampling protocols for rangeland monitoring & assessment developed. Early warning system developed. Contribution of rangelands to livestock feeding assessed. Spatial and temporal rangeland condition mapped.					
Activity 2.3.3: Improve national capacity in conducting Impact evaluation of natural resources and rangelands management by using rigorous designs and data analyses based on mixed methods	New	CAC-wide	Government agencies and/or universities identified in each country. Relevant staff of key national government agencies are trained in designing impact evaluation using experimental (RCT), quasi-experimental and mixed methods designs.	XXX	XXX	Xxx		
Activity 2.3.4: Analyzing status of pasturelands and rangelands subject to degradation: making inventory and maps of	New	Rasht and Kyzyl- Suu Valleys	Status of pasturelands and rangelands subject to degradation analyzed; inventory and mapping of	xxx	XXX	XXX		

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time t	able		Budget (2013-	
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)	
surfaces of pastures and rangelands, calculating stocking rates, and proposing a methodology for pasturelands and rangelands improvement.			surfaces of pastures and rangelands are completed; stocking rates calculated and a methodology for pasturelands and rangelands improvement proposed.					
Activity 2.3.5: Developing partnerships for dissemination of knowledge to farmers on potato-vegetable-fruit production, postharvest technologies and nutritional value	New	Rasht and Kyzyl- Suu Valleys	Partnerships for dissemination of knowledge to farmers on potato-vegetable- fruit production, postharvest technologies and nutritional value developed Farmers trained on potato-vegetable-fruit production, postharvest technologies and nutritional value.	XXX	XXX	Xxx		
Output 2.4. Improved pract waterlogging in cotton-who			s management are adopted	to mitig	ate soil	salinity	and	
Activity 2.4.1: Integrated approaches for sustainability of agri- silvi-horticultural and silvi-pastoral systems to	Ongoing (USAID Project under ICBA, KRASS, until 2013)	Aral Sea Region	Biodiversity products/ halophytes for forage and bioenergy production developed; technical, medicinal	XXX			\$100,000	

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time t	able		Budget (2013-	
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)	
control salinity(root zone salt accumulation); better leaching practices and bio-drainage effect on water table management			plants and other underutilized plant resources developed promoted in order to improve the livelihoods of the pastoral communities.					
Activity 2.4.2: Evaluation of the effect of modern irrigation technologies on salinity management and increasing crop yields in the Aral Sea Region	New	Lower Amudarya (Turkmenistan and Uzbekistan) and Syrdarya (Uzbekistan and Kazakhstan) Rivers	Report on the synergistic effect of improved on-farm irrigation technologies and management practices for salinity management and increasing crop yields.	XXX	XXX	Xxx	\$750,000	
Activity 2.4.2.1: Phytoremediation (phyto- melioration) sustainable arid livestock-forage- based production to improve rangelands (sowing pastures) productivity , pasture rotation, livestock controlled grazing and livestock feeding systems	<i>New (minor activities currently ongoing under ICBA); ICARDA</i>	Lower Amudarya (Turkmenistan and Uzbekistan) and Syrdarya (Uzbekistan and Kazakhstan) Rivers Khorezm and Chimbay	Native and exotic forage/rangeland including shrub/tree species collected, established evaluated and disseminated. Sustainable supply of quality forage/rangeland seed for rangeland rehabilitation established.	XXX	XXX	XXX		
Activity 2.4.2.2. Improving livestock herds (small ruminants, cattle, camel, horses) through artificial insemination, modern		Rasht and Kyzyl- Suu Valleys	Availability of improved forage/rangeland seed increased through the interaction with Village					

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time t	able		Budget (2013-	
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)	
selective breeding and adapted feeding ratios with particular emphasis on winter feeding for wool, meat and milk production.			(community) Based Seed Enterprise.					
Activity 2.4.3: Promotion of alternative irrigation sources such as treated sewage effluent, drainage water, thermal, and shallow saline groundwater on agroforestry, halophytic pastures and irrigated salt-drought and heat tolerant crops for the benefits of all users	Pipeline (ICBA) in collaboration with KRASS)	Kyzylorda region (Kazakhstan); Khorezm region; Kazakhdarya (Karakalpakstan) Dashauz province (Turkmenistan)	Key forage species for alleviating gap in feed resources identified (including forage value and palatability) and multiplied. Integration of alley cropping systems (agroforestry) using alternative irrigation sources evaluated and promoted.	XXX	XXX	Xxx		
Activity 2.4.4.1: Identifying and introducing stress- tolerant, high-yielding and improved quality varieties of wheat, barley, legumes, potato and forage crops in pure and mixed plantations through on-farm adaptive trials Activity 2.4.4.2:	New (activities ongoing for wheat supported by BMZ- GIZ project, until March 2013, minor activities ongoing under ICARDA)	Aral Sea Region	Number of improved germplasm of wheat, barley, legumes, sorghum, pearl millet, fruit crops, vegetables, potato, forages and rangelands species evaluated and adopted.	XXX	XXX	XXX		
Activity 2.4.4.2: Increasing sustainability of marginal lands by			potential of rural people living in the environmental disaster					

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time t	able		Budget (2013-
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)
using non-conventional water for irrigation (drainage, contour irrigation, water harvesting, takyr surface rainfall water, artificial pods with slight salinity, underground water), adoption of innovative small-scale irrigation technologies and introduction of crop diversity adapted to soil salinity, heat and drought to farmer and agro- pastoral communities			area is increased through dissemination of efficient water use techniques. Sustainable intensification of production systems (multi-purpose species and forage production).				
Activity 2.4.5: Promoting barley, legumes, sorghum, pearl millet and vegetables for crop diversification, improved crop-livestock productivity and farmers livelihoods in Aral Sea Region	New (activities currently ongoing for sorghum and pearl millet under ICBA/ICARDA/ ICRISAT, until 2014)	Aral Sea Region (currently Karakalpakstan, Kyzylorda and Dashauz provinces)	Improved crop rotations identified.	XXX	XXX	XXX	
Activity 2.4.6: Identifying improved varieties and management practices for dual (grain and grazing) purpose wheat and barley for improving forage supply for livestock and maximizing	New	Aral Sea Region	Dual purpose wheat and barley varieties identified, and management practices developed	XXX	XXX	Xxx	

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time t	able		Budget (2013-
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)
return							
		r and land resources	management to mitigate in	equity in	resour	ce use a	are established
and operationalized with u		T		1	1	1	1
Activity 2.5.1: Evaluation of the effect of conjunctive use of canal and drainage waters, different cropping patterns, and improved irrigation practices on control of salinity and waterlogging in the upper part (Khorezm region) of the lower Amudarya Basin, detection of the most efficient water management and agronomic practices	New	Khorezm and Karakalpakstan	Improved water management and agronomic practices to mitigate the effect of salinity and waterlogging on crop production, and in saving water in the upper part of the Amudarya Basin for alleviating water scarcity in the lower Amudarya Basin.	XXX	XXX	Xxx	\$2,000,000
Activity 2.5.2: Evaluation of existing farmer focused organizations (WUAs) on multiple uses and users of water	New (minor activities currently ongoing under IWMI)	Fergana Valley	Assessment of interventions on all users within WUAs in existing projects, specifically to subsistence water users (home gardens). Identification of alternative options of priority setting in WUAs. Testing of integrated governance options in WUAs for improving	XXX	XXX	Xxx	

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time t	able		Budget (2013-	
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)	
			allocation and access rights					
Output 2.6. Improved optic	ons for mixed producti	on system integrating	potato, horticulture, grain	crops, n	nedical a	and aro	matic species,	
agro-forestry, livestock an								
Activity 2.6.1: Improving	New (activities	Jirgatal district in	Pilot plots	XXX	XXX	Xxx		
water use efficiency	ongoing for potato	Rasht Valley	demonstrating the					
through innovations in	under CIP		advantages of contour					
irrigation and cultural	supported by BMZ-		line cultivation,					
practices in potato,	GIZ)		mulching, Partial root-					
vegetable and fruit crops.			zone drying irrigation					
			technique, established					
			in farmers' fields					
			(2013); soil, water					
			supply and yield					
			assessed to certify					
			advantages of such					
			practices in farmers'					
			fields (2014); diffusion					
			of the improved					
			cultural practice in farmers' fields					
			documented (2015)					
			Improved early					
			maturing vegetable					
			varieties adapted to					
			heat and drought and					
			efficient water use for					
			sowing as repeated					
			crops after wheat.					
			Increased diversity of					
			heat and drought					
			resistant fruit crops					
			requiring no water in					
			water-hot season.					

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Region/location Deliverables	Time t	able		Budget (2013-	
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)	
Activity 2.6.2: Strengthening mixed cropping systems through adaptive demonstration trials of wheat, barley, legumes, potato, vegetables and underutilized crops; seed multiplication of released varieties and out-scaling of best practices in different agro-landscape production system	New (minor activities ongoing under ICARDA, CIP, AVRDC)	CAC-wide	Area under cultivation by improved varieties of cereals, legumes, potato and vegetables.	XXX	XXX	XXX		
Activity 2.6.3: Improving livestock herds (small ruminants, cattle, yaks, horses) through artificial insemination, modern selective breeding and adapted feeding ratios with particular emphasis on winter feeding for wool, meat and milk production	New	Rasht and Kyzyl- Suu Valleys	Livestock herds (small ruminants, cattle, yaks, horses) improved through artificial insemination, modern selective breeding and adapted feeding ratios with particular emphasis on winter feeding for wool, meat and milk production	XXX	XXX	XXX		

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time t	table		Budget (2013-
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)
Activity 2.6.4: Increasing vegetable production and market supply that lead to improved diets of the local population	New	Rasht and Kyzyl- Suu Valleys	Varietal trials of nutritious vegetable varieties with valuable traits for sowing at spring and summer time installed and planting material disseminated.	XXX	xxx	XXX	\$200,000
Activity 2.6.5: Reducing malnutrition by conducting baseline surveys of local food systems and introducing biofortified and highly nutrient candidate crop varieties in the diet.	New	Rasht and Kyzyl- Suu Valleys; Fergana Valley	Selection plots established in target communities with early to mid-early elite potato clones with high bio- available Fe and Zn and retention of vitamin C. They will combine resistance to viruses and tolerance to drought for the main and double cropping systems of Central Asia's highlands and lowlands.	XXX	XXX	XXX	
Output 2.7. Options for val	ue addition and marke	et access developed a	nd disseminated in Rasht a	nd Kyzy	/I-Suu Va	alleys.	I
Activity 2.7.1: Participatory Value Chain Analysis of different products (raw and processed) aimed at reducing barter trade and improving farmers' access to markets	New	Rasht and Kyzyl- Suu Valleys	Participatory Value Chain Analysis of different products (raw and processed) accomplished and results shared with decision makers	xxx	xxx	XXX	
Activity 2.7.2: Market value chain analysis of	New	Aral Sea Region	Constraints to market access evaluated for	xxx	xxx	xxx	

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time t	able		Budget (2013-	
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)	
commodities to improve			men and women					
small scale farmers			farmers.					
access to market			Different options for					
			linking smallholder					
			men and women					
			farmers to markets					
			evaluated and					
			disseminated.					
			Value addition					
			opportunities					
			increasing men and					
			women farmers'					
			income evaluated.					
Activity 2.7.3: Small-	New	Rasht and Kyzyl-	Small-scale post-	XXX	XXX	XXX		
scale post-harvest		Suu Valleys	harvest handling					
handling (including			(including certification)					
certification) and			and processing of					
processing of			agricultural products to					
agricultural products to			meet international					
meet international			standards of food					
standards of food			security and quality					
security and quality			introduced and					
			operational					
	de-offs of different sce		e of farm and rangeland re	sources	comple	ted	1	
Activity 2.8.2: Evaluating	New	Aral Sea Region	Inventory and analysis					
the impacts of collective		and Rasht and	of existing institutional					
action, land tenure and		Kyzyl-Suu Valleys	arrangements					
property rights (policies)			(including grazing					
on pastoralists			rights) and policies that					
livelihoods and			govern the use, access					
rangeland ecosystem			and rights of common					
maintenance			grazing areas.					
			Inventory and analysis					

Outputs/Activities F	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Region/location Deliverables	Time t	able		Budget (2013-	
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)	
			of property rights.					
			Overlaps of boundaries (rangelands, water administrative) identified.					
			Collective action for communal resource management through participatory approaches and with equitable benefit sharing.					
			Viable land use options that sustain productivity and halt land degradation.					
			Impacts of collective action on common grazing areas management and on household livelihoods established through randomized control trials (experimental economics)					
Activity 2.8.3: Modeling short-medium-long term scenarios for resource management by different stakeholders.	New	Rasht and Kyzyl- Suu Valleys	Models for short- medium-long term scenarios for resource management developed and applied	xxx	XXX	XXX		

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time t	able		Budget (2013-	
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)	
			by different stakeholders					
Output 2.9. System analys	is-based strategies and	d policies for up- and	out-scaling of improved op	tions de	veloped	and di	sseminated in	
Rasht Valley and Aral Sea					•			
Activity 2.9.1: Modeling to understand soil erosion, landslides, mud- flows and floods in marginal croplands and to evaluate watershed management and crop production stability in view to establish an Early Warning System for risk reduction.	Pipeline (ICBA, IWMI)	CAC-wide	Models to understand soil erosion, landslides, mud-flows and floods in marginal croplands developed Early Warning System for risk reduction established	XXX	XXX	xxx		
Activity 2.9.2: Development of strategies for sustainable management of land and water, based on study and identification of social, technical and economic factors influencing success of multiple land use (crops, trees, pasturelands) for the benefit of all users.	New	Rasht and Kyzyl- Suu Valleys	Socio-economic factors increasing the sustainability of natural resource management are identified and out- scaling strategies are implemented in cooperation with local partners.	XXX	XXX	XXX		

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time t	able		Budget (2013-
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)
			liversification options on so				
			oyment in the Aral Sea Basir			commu	inicated.
Activity 2.10.1: Model-	Ongoing (activities	CAC-wide	Report on the effect of	XXX	XXX		
based assessment of the	currently ongoing		climate change on				
impacts of climate	under ICARDA;		productivity of wheat in				
change and the effects of	linkage with CRP7,		Central Asia (2012);				
adaptation technologies	Activity 1.2.1, until		Report on potentials for				
on crop water availability	2014)		adaptation to climate				
and productivity and			change by water				
farmers livelihoods			management; case				
			study wheat in Central				
			Asia; bio-physical				
			model calibrated to the				
			major barley, cotton				
			and food-legume				
			varieties grown in				
			Central Asia (2013);				
			Report on the effect of				
			climate change on				
			productivity of other				
			major crops (barley,				
			legume-crops and				
			cotton); final report on				
			the impacts of climate				
			change on crop				
			profitability and farmer				
			income in Central Asia				
			(2014).				
Activity 2.10.2:	New	Rasht Valley and	Watershed map; Maps	XXX	XXX	XXX	\$2,000,000
Establishing the baseline		Aral Sea Region	of WUAs and rangeland				
and monitoring change			boundaries; Inventory				
on the basis of socio-			of stakeholders and				
economic and			institutions; Database				
biophysical indicators			on natural resources.				

Outputs/Activities Projects (on-g	- i ojecis (on-yonny,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time t	able	Budget (2013-	
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)
Activity 2.10.3: Model- based assessment of the effects of technologies on crop water availability and productivity and soil fertility	New	Rasht Valley, Aral Sea Region	Baseline indicators of natural resources management, biodiversity, soil and environment health, water productivity, agricultural productivity, human nutrition, farm income and livelihoods, gender equity, market systems and rural employment in Rasht Valley and Aral Sea analyzed and communicated.Collection of soil, crop, meteorological data on demonstration sites for calibration of CropSyst model for various crops and varieties cultivated.CropSyst model calibrated for different 	XXX	xxx	XXX	

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going, Region/location	Region/location	Deliverables	Time t	able	Budget (2013-	
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)
			modeling, analysis of the results and impact assessment.				
Activity 2.10.4: Bio- economic modeling of farming systems, technological options for natural resources management under different scenarios of the state of natural resource base, market conditions and policies for determining optimal use of resources, and assessing the economic, social and environmental consequences on target population	New	Aral Sea Region	-Operational bio- economic models developed and available -Different natural resources, technologies, market and policy scenarios developed with stakeholders -Optimal use of available farm resources developed and conditions for such optimal conditions identified -Policies for creating enabling environment for more sustainable land use options developed -Post graduate and postdoctoral students trained in bio-economic modeling	XXX	XXX	XXX	

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time t	able		Budget (2013-
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)
		oductive, profitable ar	nd diversified dryland agric	ulture w	ith well-	establis	hed linkages to
markets in Central Asia an				<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
			in agricultural production	aimed to	o institu	tional fu	inctioning and
increase livelihoods estab				1	1	T	
Activity 3.1.1:	New	Fergana Valley	Institutional setup for	XXX	XXX	XXX	\$1,000,000
Development of ICT			irrigation extension				
technology for			services to farmers in				
dissemination of			Fergana Valley.				
knowledge on water and			Sustainability of the				
land productivity			innovative public-				
improvement to farmers			private partnership for				
after thorough baseline			irrigation extension				
survey (including impact			evaluated.				
assessment of existing							
projects)					-		
			m enhanced (all stakeholde		1	1	y)
Activity 3.2.1: Improving	Ongoing (CIP	Fergana Valley	Quality seed of abiotic	XXX	XXX	XXX	
access of smallholder	supported by BMZ-		stress-tolerant and				
farmers to new potato	GIZ project)		early, mid-early bulking				
varieties adapted to			varieties for diversified				
stress-prone			cropping systems				
environments			produced and				
			disseminated to				
			farmers (including				
			participatory yield				
			experiments, small bag				
			distribution and				
			demonstration plots)				
			(2013); Training in				
			positive and negative				
			selection to maintain				
			the quality of seed for				
			longer periods and				
			reduce the dependency				

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going, Region/location		Deliverables	Time t	table	Budget (2013-	
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)
			of having to buy new seed every season (2014); Participants acquainted with a semi- structured methodology of Participatory Varietal Selection based on the Mother & Baby trials design. Dialogue among stakeholders, particularly field staff initiated (2015).				
Activity 3.2.2: Pilot testing of ICT technology for dissemination of knowledge on water and land productivity improvement to farmers in areas where all data is available.	New	Fergana Valley	ICT technology for dissemination of knowledge on water and land productivity improvement to farmers is tested.	XXX	xxx	XXX	
Activity 3.2.3: Building capacity of farmers in quality seed production and storage of agricultural crops	New	Fergana Valley	Partners and stakeholders trained in production of quality seed and planting materials.	XXX	xxx	XXX	
Activity 3.2.4: Increasing the capacity of young researchers in field plot experimentation.	New	Fergana Valley	Capacity of young researchers in field plot experimentation increased.				
Activity 3.2.5: Developing partnerships for dissemination of knowledge to agricultural	New	Fergana Valley	Public-private partnership improvement evaluated and approaches for	XXX	xxx	XXX	

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time t	able		Budget (2013-	
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)	
producers on vegetable production, postharvest technologies, nutritional value and marketing of			strengthening of extension services are developed.					
agricultural crops	nal laval naliaiaa far Ea	raono Vallov to oddr	and tonurs of oprioutiu	rol produ	lucara in			
market, information, techn			ess land tenure of agricultu	rai prodi	icers, in	nproved	access to	
Activity 3.3.1: Evaluating efficiency of implemented and ongoing land and water management reforms since independence, disseminate findings in knowledge platforms	New (minor activities currently ongoing under IWMI)	Fergana Valley	Mapping land and water management reforms since independence.Analysis of policies driving the land and water management reforms.Inventory of results of reforms on rural livelihoods (including part-time farming and male outmigration), crop production, water efficiency, investments in land and water management improvement and willingness for collective action.Recommendations for governments and extension services for better targeting of agricultural innovations based on the results of reforms.	XXX	XXX			

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time t	able		Budget (2013-
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)
Output 3.4. Integrated polication developed and i		chnological approache	s aimed to optimize water	and lan	d produ	ctivity a	nd equitable
Activity 3.4.1: Improving water use efficiency in potato under the double cropping system of the lowlands	Ongoing (BMZ-GIZ)	Fergana Valley	Effects of different levels of moisture stress on crop yield under furrow irrigation are evaluated (2013); Performance of different irrigation systems on potato yield (2014); Decision support system to help users determine water deficits (2015).	XXX	XXX	XXX	
Activity 3.4.2: Developing and implementing IT- based irrigation scheduling services to water users (including mahalla-level)	Pipeline (USAID under IWMI proposal)	Fergana Valley	Proven methodology for implementation of Web-SMS for irrigation scheduling is developed.	xxx	xxx	xxx	\$750,000
Activity 3.4.3: Evaluating the impact of technical and institutional interventions on reliability and efficiency of water delivery to water users (including mahalla)	Pipeline (IWMI)	South-western Kazakhstan (middle Syrdarya basin)	Improved performance of Makhtaral irrigation project	xxx	XXX	XXX	\$2,000,000
Activity 3.4.4: Evaluating the uptake and constraints of uptake of single (technical and institutional) and multi centered (technical and institutional)	<i>New (minor activities currently ongoing under IWMI)</i>	Fergana Valley	Assessment of current interventions on all stakeholders within WUAs in cross section of existing projects. Identification of reciprocal relationships	xxx	XXX	XXX	

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time t	able		Budget (2013-
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)
interventions at WUA level			between technical and institutional interventions enhancing or hindering optimal uptake. Lessons learned from best practice and recommendations for improved interventions communicated.				
Activity 3.4.5: Evaluating risks and dependencies of rural livelihoods on the past and current technical innovations for expanding irrigated agriculture after independence and within the new economic and political setting	New (minor activities currently ongoing under IWMI)	Fergana Valley, Rasht Valley, lower Amudarya	Inventory of past technologies (lift irrigation – ground and surface water, water transfers, dams) and the created dependencies (maintenance, subsidies, ability to operate) as well as areas supplied and affected people. Analysis of past policies and socio- economic environmental drivers of agricultural expansion. Risk analysis and analysis of possible sustainable alternatives for past technologies.	XXX	XXX	XXX	
Activity 3.4.6: Improving	New	Fergana Valley	Improved early	ххх	xxx	xxx	\$500,000

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time t	table		Budget (2013-
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)
water and land use efficiency of fruit and vegetable crops			maturing fruit and vegetable varieties adapted to heat and drought and efficient water use for sowing as repeated crops after wheat.				
Activity 3.4.7: Evaluating irrigation water requirements of major agricultural crops, improve irrigation practices.	New	Fergana Valley	Accurate estimation of crop water requirements of cotton, fruit and vegetable crops for WUE.	xxx	xxx	XXX	\$750,000
	luction options for dive	ersifying cotton-whea	at-livestock production syste	m of Fe	ergana va	alley de	veloped and
Activity 3.5.1: Identifying new improved varieties of cereals (wheat and barley) legumes (chickpea, lentil) and fodder (alfalfa) to fit into the prevalent cropping pattern on the basis of adaptive trials	New	Fergana Valley	Improved varieties of wheat, barley, chickpea, and lentil identified.	XXX	XXX	XXX	

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time t	able		Budget (2013-
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	,
Output 3.6. Improved prod and promoted	uction options for dive	ersifying vegetable-h	orticultural-potato productio	n syste	m of Fer	gana Va	alley developed
Activity 3.6.1: Increasing year-round (greenhouse and open field) vegetable production and market supply that lead to improved diets of the local population	New	Fergana Valley	Varietal trials of nutritious vegetable varieties with valuable traits for sowing at spring and summer time are established and planting material is disseminated.	xxx	xxx	XXX	\$200,000
Output 3.7. Postharvest an	nd processing technolo	ogies improved and v	alue added options increase	ed			
Activity 3.7.1: Improvement of agricultural crops storability by phenotyping and improving local storage methods	New	Fergana Valley	Potato storage losses and dormancy period estimated and their causes recorded with the description of management practices (2013); Storage practices studied at farmer level (2014); Influence of abiotic stress and storage methods on subsequent potato crop performance assessed (2015).	XXX	XXX	XXX	
Activity 3.7.2: Inventory and evaluation of postharvest technologies currently used for vegetable crops and introduction of improved practices for vegetables storage and processing	New	Fergana Valley	Postharvest technology options evaluated and improved technology adopted	xxx	XXX	XXX	\$200,000

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time table			Budget (2013-	
	pipeline, new)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)	
	(timeline)						-	
Output 3.8. Optimal scenarios for trade-off resolution and up- and out-scaling in similar production systems of the Region developed and implemented.								
Output 3.9. Impact of improved production options on increased food and nutrition security and livelihoods of rural women and men in Fergana Valley measured, analyzed and communicated.								

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time t	able		Budget (2013-
	pipeline, new) (timeline)		(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)
Activity 3.9.1: Model- based assessment of the impacts of climate change and the effects of adaptation technologies on crop water availability and productivity and farmer livelihoods	Ongoing (activities currently ongoing under ICARDA; linkage with CRP7, Activity 1.2.1, until 2014)	Region-wide	See Activity 2.10.1.	XXX	XXX		
Activity 3.9.2: Model- based assessment of the effects of technologies on crop water availability and productivity and soil fertility	New	Fergana Valley	Collection of soil, crop, meteorological data on demonstration sites for calibration of CropSyst model for various crops and varieties cultivated. CropSyst model calibrated for different crops and varieties. Effects of different technologies on crop water availability and productivity and soil fertility are assessed. Capacity of young researchers increased in field plot experimentation, soil and crop modeling, analysis of the results and impact assessment.	XXX	XXX	XXX	
Activity 3.9.3: Reducing	New	Fergana Valley	Selection plots	ххх	XXX	XXX	
malnutrition in potato- based food systems in			established in target communities with early				

Outputs/Activities	Projects (on-going,	Region/location	Deliverables	Time t	able		Budget (2013-
	pipeline, new) (timeline)	(milestones)	2013	2014	2015	2015)	
<i>temperate agro-ecologies through biofortified candidate varieties</i>			to mid-early elite clones with high bio- available Fe and Zn and retention of vitamin C. Resistance to viruses and tolerance to drought for single and double-cropping systems (2015)				
Activity 3.9.4: Impact assessment of all projects regarding agriculture and water	New	Fergana Valley	Impact assessment is carried out and results communicated.	xxx	xxx	Xxx	